

TJI<sup>®</sup> 110
TJI<sup>®</sup> 210
TJI<sup>®</sup> 230
TJI<sup>®</sup> 360
TJI<sup>®</sup> 560
Joists

# INSTALLATION GUIDE FOR FLOOR AND ROOF FRAMING



# **WARNING:**

DO NOT walk on joists until braced. INJURY MAY RESULT.



### **WARNING:**

**DO NOT** stack building materials on unsheathed joists. Stack only over beams or walls.



### **WARNING:**

**DO NOT** walk on joists that are lying flat.

May 2015 • Reorder TJ-9001

# **IMPORTANT: PLEASE READ CAREFULLY!**

# WARNING: JOISTS ARE UNSTABLE UNTIL BRACED LATERALLY

BRACING INCLUDES: Blocking, Hangers, Rim Board, Sheathing, Rim Joist, Strut Lines

# Lack of proper bracing during construction can result in serious accidents. Observe the following guidelines:

- 1. Properly install all blocking, hangers, rim boards, and rim joists at TJI® joist end supports.
- 2. Establish a permanent deck (sheathing), fastened to the first 4 feet of joists at the end of the bay or braced end wall.
- 3. Safety bracing of 1x4 (minimum) must be nailed to a braced end wall or sheathed area and to each joist.
- 4. Sheathing must be completely attached to each TJI® joist before additional loads can be placed on the system.
- 5. Ends of cantilevers require safety bracing on both the top and bottom flanges.
- **6.** The flanges must remain straight within ½" from true alignment.

This guide is intended for the products shown in dry-use conditions.

### La Sécurité Avant Tout

# **AVERTISSEMENT**

Lire Attentivement

- Les solives non contreventées latéralement sont instables. Voir le guide d'installation avant la pose des solives TJI®.
- Ne pas circuler sur les solives TJI® avant qu'elles ne soient adéquatement contreventées. Risque de blessure.
- Ne pas empilées des matériaux sur des solives avant d'avoir installé les sousplancher. Les entreposer temporairement au-dessus des poutres et murs.

### La Seguridad Ante Todo

# **ADVERTENCIA**

Por Favor Lea Cuidadosamente

- Las viguetas son inestables hasta que sean reforzadas lateralmente. Vea la guía de instalaciones **antes** de instalar las viguetas TJI®.
- · No camine sobre las viguetas hasta que sean apuntaladas.
- No ponga materiales de construcción sobre las viguetas TJI® antes de instalar el triplay. Ponga materials únicamente sobre vigas o muros.



FLUUK
Allowable Holes: Trus Joist® TJI® Joists
TJI® Joist Nailing Requirements at Bearing
Installation Recommendations
TJI® Joist Floor Framing
Fastening of Floor Panels
Rim Board Details and Installation
Floor Details
Cantilever Details
Filler and Backer Blocks
Web Stiffeners
Framing Connectors

RUUF	AND	WA	LL
Allowabl	e Holes:		
		•	

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# **BEAM AND COLUMN**

Allowable Holes:
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Parallam® PSL, Microllam® LVL
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### **BUILD SAFELY**

We at Weyerhaeuser are committed to working safely and want to remind you to do the same. We encourage you to follow the recommendations of OSHA (www.sha.gov) in the U.S. or provincial regulations (www.canoshweb.org/en/) in Canada regarding:

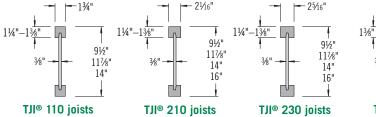
— Personal protective equipment (PPF) for hands, feet, head.

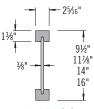
- and eyes

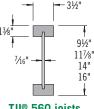
   Fall protection
- Use of pneumatic nailers and other hand tools
- Forklift safety

Please adhere to the Weyerhaeuser product installation details, including the installation of safety bracing on unsheathed floors and roofs.

# PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION







TJI® 360 joists TJI® 560 joists

# **ALLOWABLE HOLES—TJI® JOISTS**

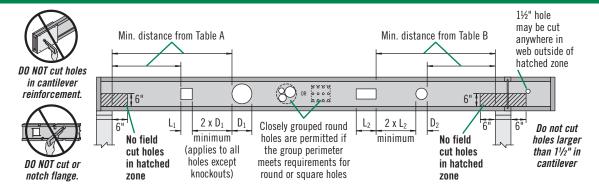


Table A—End Support
Minimum distance from edge of hole to inside face of nearest end support

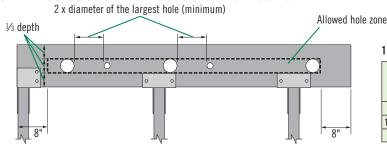
Joist	TUE			Ro	und Hole S	Size				S	quare or F	Rectangula	ar Hole Siz	ze	
Depth	TJI®	2"	3"	4"	61/2"	87/8"	11"	13"	2"	3"	4"	61/2"	87/8"	11"	13"
	110	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-0"	5'-0"				1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-6"	4'-6"			
	210	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-6"	5'-6"				1'-0"	2'-0"	2'-6"	5'-0"			
91/2"	230	1'-6"	2'-0"	2'-6"	5'-6"				1'-0"	2'-0"	3'-0"	5'-0"			
	360	1'-6"	2'-0"	3'-0"	6'-0"				1'-6"	2'-6"	3'-6"	5'-6"			
	560	1'-6"	2'-6"	3'-6"	7'-0"				2'-0"	3'-0"	4'-0"	6'-0"			
	110	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-6"	5'-6"			1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-0"	4'-6"	6'-0"		
	210	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-0"	3'-0"	6'-0"			1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-6"	5'-0"	6'-6"		
111//8"	230	1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-0"	3'-0"	6'-6"			1'-0"	2'-0"	2'-6"	5'-6"	7'-0"		
	360	1'-6"	2'-0"	3'-0"	4'-6"	7'-0"			1'-6"	2'-6"	3'-6"	6'-6"	7'-6"		
	560	1'-6"	2'-6"	3'-0"	5'-6"	8'-0"			2'-6"	3'-6"	4'-6"	7'-0"	8'-0"		
	110	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	3'-0"	5'-6"		1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	3'-6"	6'-0"	8'-0"	
	210	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	3'-6"	6'-0"		1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	4'-0"	6'-6"	8'-6"	
14"	230	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	4'-0"	7'-0"		1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	4'-0"	7'-0"	9'-0"	
	360	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	3'-6"	5'-6"	8'-0"		1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-6"	6'-0"	8'-0"	9'-6"	
	560	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	4'-6"	6'-6"	9'-0"		1'-6"	3'-0"	4'-0"	7'-0"	9'-0"	10'-0"	
	210	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	3'-6"	6'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	3'-0"	6'-6"	8'-0"	11'-0"
16"	230	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	3'-0"	4'-0"	7'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	3'-6"	7'-0"	9'-0"	11'-0"
10	360	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	4'-6"	6'-6"	9'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	5'-0"	9'-0"	10'-0"	11'-6"
	560	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	5'-0"	7'-6"	10'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	3'-0"	6'-6"	10'-0"	11'-0"	12'-0"

Table B—Intermediate or Cantilever Support
Minimum distance from edge of hole to inside face of nearest intermediate or cantilever support

Joist		Round Hole Size								S	quare or I	Rectangula	6'-6" 7'-6" 7'-6" 8'-0" 9'-0" 7'-0" 9'-6" 8'-0" 10'-0" 8'-6"		
Depth	TJI®	2"	3"	4"	61/2"	87/8"	11"	13"	2"	3"	4"				13"
	110	2'-0"	2'-6"	3'-6"	7'-6"				1'-6"	2'-6"	3'-6"	6'-6"			
	210	2'-0"	2'-6"	3'-6"	8'-0"				2'-0"	3'-0"	4'-0"	7'-6"			
91/2"	230	2'-6"	3'-0"	4'-0"	8'-6"				2'-0"	3'-6"	4'-6"	7'-6"			
	360	3'-0"	4'-0"	5'-6"	9'-0"				3'-0"	4'-6"	5'-6"	8'-0"			
	560	3'-6"	5'-0"	6'-0"	10'-0"				4'-0"	5'-6"	6'-6"	9'-0"			
	110	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	4'-0"	8'-6"			1'-0"	1'-6"	2'-6"	7'-0"	9'-6"		
	210	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	4'-6"	9'-0"			1'-0"	2'-0"	3'-0"	8'-0"	10'-0"		
111//8"	230	1'-0"	2'-0"	2'-6"	5'-0"	10'-0"			1'-0"	2'-6"	3'-6"	8'-6"	10'-6"		
	360	2'-0"	3'-0"	4'-0"	7'-0"	11'-0"			2'-0"	3'-6"	5'-0"	9'-6"	11'-0"		
	560	1'-6"	3'-0"	4'-6"	8'-0"	12'-0"			3'-0"	4'-6"	6'-0"	10'-6"	12'-0"		
	110	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	4'-6"	8'-6"		1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	5'-0"	9'-0"	12'-0"	
	210	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	5'-6"	9'-6"		1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	6'-0"	10'-0"	13'-0"	
14"	230	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	3'-6"	6'-0"	10'-6"		1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	6'-6"	11'-0"	13'-6"	
	360	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	5'-6"	8'-6"	12'-6"		1'-0"	2'-0"	4'-0"	9'-0"	12'-0"	14'-0"	
	560	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	5'-6"	9'-6"	13'-6"		1'-0"	3'-0"	5'-0"	10'-0"	13'-6"	15'-0"	
	210	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	3'-6"	6'-0"	10'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	4'-6"	10'-0"	12'-6"	16'-0"
16"	230	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-6"	4'-0"	6'-6"	11'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	5'-0"	10'-6"	13'-6"	16'-6"
10	360	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	3'-0"	6'-6"	10'-0"	13'-6"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-0"	7'-6"	13'-0"	14'-6"	17'-0"
	560	1'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	2'-6"	7'-0"	11'-0"	15'-0"	1'-0"	1'-0"	3'-6"	9'-0"	14'-6"	16'-0"	18'-0"

- Leave 1/8" of web (minimum) at top and bottom of hole. **DO NOT cut joist flanges**.
- Tables are based on uniform load tables in current design literature.
- For simple span (5' minimum), uniformly loaded joists used in residential applications, one maximum size round hole may be located at the center of the joist span **provided that no other holes occur in the joist**.

# 1.55E TimberStrand® LSL Headers and Beams



# **GENERAL NOTES**

- Allowed hole zone suitable for headers and beams with uniform and/or concentrated loads anywhere along the member.
- Round holes only.
- No holes in headers or beams in plank orientation.

### 1.55E TimberStrand® LSL

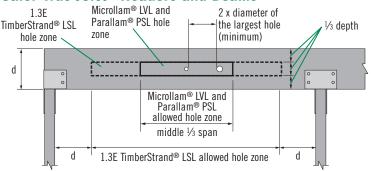
Header or Beam Depth	Maximum Round Hole Size
91/4"-91/2"	3"
11¼"–11%"	35/8"
14"-16"	45/8"

 See illustration for allowed hole zone.



DO NOT cut, notch, or drill holes in headers or beams except as indicated in the illustrations and tables.

# Other Trus Joist® Headers and Beams



# Other Trus Joist® Beams

Header or Beam Depth	Maximum Round Hole Size
43/8"	1"
51/2"	1¾"
7¼"–20"	2"

 See illustration for allowed hole zone.

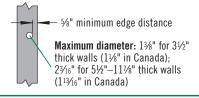
### **GENERAL NOTES**

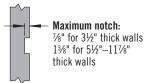
- Allowed hole zone suitable for headers and beams with uniform loads only.
- No holes in cantilevers.

- Round holes only.
- No holes in headers or beams in plank orientation.

# TimberStrand® LSL Wall Studs

One notch may be cut anywhere except the middle ½ of the length of the stud or column. Holes may be drilled anywhere along the length of the stud or column but must be at least ½" from the edge.





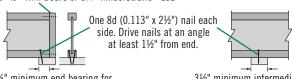


same cross section.

# TJI® JOIST NAILING REQUIREMENTS AT BEARING

# TJI® Joist to Bearing Plate

11/4" TJ® Rim Board or 11/4" TimberStrand® LSL



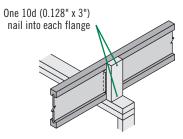
1¾" minimum end bearing for single-family applications

3½" minimum intermediate bearing; 5¼" may be required for maximum capacity

 Increased bearing capacities may be achieved with increased bearing lengths. See plans for required bearing lengths.

Shear transfer nailing: Use connections equivalent to floor panel nailing schedule. See page 4.

# Squash Blocks to TJI® Joist (Load bearing wall above)



Also see detail B2, page 5

# Rim to TJI® Joist

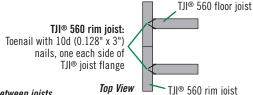


11/8" TJI® Rim Board, 11/4" TimberStrand® LSL, or TJI® 110 rim joist:

One 10d (0.131" x 3") nail into each flange TJI® 210, 230, and 360 rim joist:

One 16d (0.135" x 3½") nail into each flange

Locate rim board joint between joists



# INSTALLATION RECOMMENDATIONS

### RECOMMENDED COMPONENTS

- Weyerhaeuser Edge Gold™ floor panels
- TJI® joists
- 11/8" TJ® Rim Board or 11/4" TimberStrand® LSL

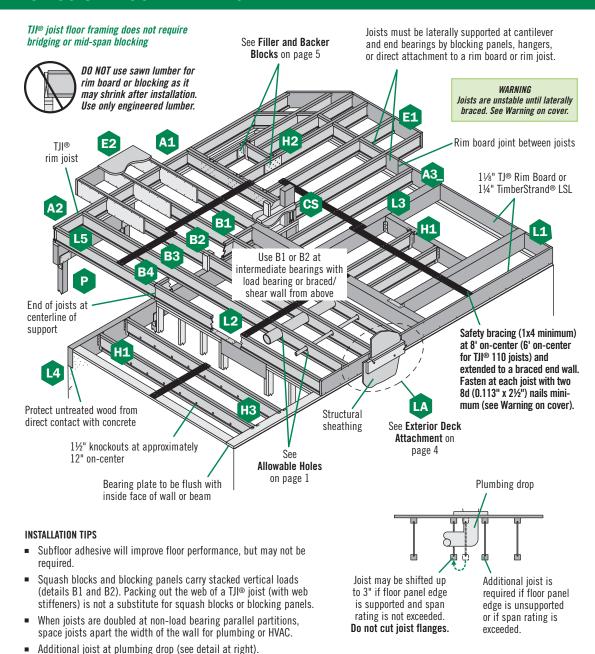
# At abutting panel edges, apply two ¼" beads of adhesive Maintain a ½" gap at all panel ends and edges to allow for expansion. T&G edges self-gap to ½".

### RECOMMENDED ADHESIVES

 Weyerhaeuser recommends using solvent-based subfloor adhesives that meet ASTM D3498 (AFG-01) performance standards. When latex subfloor adhesive is required, careful selection is necessary due to a wide range of performance between brands.

Nail panel to joist at 12" on-center in field and 6" on-center along panel edges. Apply fasteners 3%" from panel edges.

- For ¾" panels, use 8d (0.131" x 2½") or 6d (0.120" x 2") deformed-shank nails or other code-approved fasteners.
- For ½" panels, use 8d (0.131" x 2½") or 8d (0.120" x 2½") deformed-shank nails or other code-approved fasteners.
- Fully nail floor panel within 10 minutes of applying adhesive (or sooner if required by adhesive manufacturer).
- Screws may be substituted for the nails noted above if the screws have equivalent lateral load capacity.



# **DETAIL SCHEDULE**

# **End bearings** (see page 4)

- A1 with blocking panels
- A2 with TJI® rim ioist
- A3 with rim board

# **Intermediate bearings\*** (see page 5)

- **B1** with blocking panels to support load bearing wall above
- B2 with squash blocks to support load bearing wall above
- man without blocking panels or squash blocks (no wall above)

### Cantilever details (see page 5)

- E1 no reinforcement
- 34" reinforcement on one side

# ¾" reinforcement both sides

- joist reinforcement
- deck cantilever
- permanent bracing

# Cantilevers less than 5" (see page 5)

- E5 34" reinforcement on one side, with vertical blocking
- E6 34" reinforcement both sides. with vertical blocking
- E7 34" reinforcement on one side, with horizontal blocking
- E8 ¾" reinforcement on both sides, with horizontal blocking
- horizontal blocking, no reinforcement

### **Hanger Details**

(more connector information on page 8)

- H1 TJI® joist to beam (see page 8)
- H2 TJI® joist to joist (see page 5)
- H3 TJI® joist on masonry wall or steel beam (see page 8)

### Other details

- **B4** butting joists with blocking panels (see above)
- cs column support (see page 4)
- exterior deck attachment (see page 4)
- web stiffeners (see page 6)
- beam details (see page 9)
- column details (see page 9)

### JAVELIN® SOFTWARE FRAMING PLANS

🔛 🔛 Web stiffeners required on each side of joist at bearing. Refer to your Javelin® framing plan.

Bearing requirements as shown on the Javelin® framing plan are job-specific and supersede minimum bearing requirements listed.

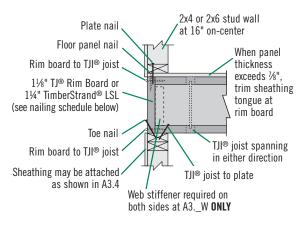
# **FASTENING OF FLOOR PANELS**

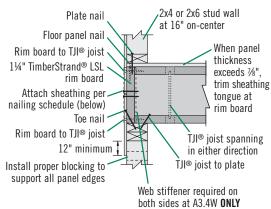
# Guidelines for Closest On-Center Spacing per Row

		TJI®	Rim board 1½"				M:	D II @	
	Nail Size	110, 210, and 230	360 and 560	11/4" TJ® TimberStrand® LSL		TimberStrand® LSL or wider	Microllam® LVL	Parallam® PSL	
	8d (0.113" x 2½"), 8d (0.131" x 2½")	4"	3"	6"	4"	3"	3"	3"	
	10d (0.148" x 3"), 12d (0.148" x 31/4")	4"(3)	4"(3)	6"	4"	4"	4"	4"	
	16d (0.162" x 3½")	6"	6"	16"(4)	6"(5)	6"(5)	8"	6"	

- (1) Stagger nails when using 4" on-center spacing and maintain 3/8" joist and panel edge distance. One row of fasteners is permitted (two at abutting panel edges) for diaphragms. Fastener spacing for TJI® joists in diaphragm applications cannot be less than shown in table. When fastener spacing for **blocking** is less than spacing shown above, rectangular blocking must be used in lieu of TJI® joists.
- (2) For non-diaphragm applications, multiple rows of fasteners are permitted if the rows are offset at least ½" and staggered.
- (3) With 10d (0.148" x 1½") nails, spacing can be reduced to 3" on-center for light gauge steel straps.
- (4) Can be reduced to 5" on-center if nail penetration into the narrow edge is no more than 1%" (to avoid splitting).
- (5) Can be reduced to 4" on-center if nail penetration into the narrow edge is no more than 13/8" (to avoid splitting).
- Recommended nailing is 12" on-center in field and 6" on-center along panel edge. Fastening requirements on engineered drawings supersede recommendations listed above.
- For recommended nailing and adhesives, see **INSTALLATION RECOMMENDATIONS** on page 2.
- Nailing rows must be offset at least ½" and staggered.
- 14 ga. staples may be substituted for 8d (0.113" x 2½") nails if minimum penetration of 1" into the TJI® joist or rim board is achieved.
- Maximum nail spacing for TJI® joists is 18" on-center.

<sup>\*</sup>Load bearing wall must stack over wall below. Blocking panels may be required at braced/shear walls above or below.

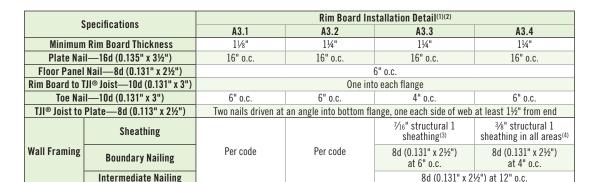




350(6)

560(6)





(1) All sheathing must be properly blocked and nailed.

Maximum Lateral Load (plf)

(2) Verify the lateral capacity of the wall. Not all types of code-allowed wall construction provide the same lateral resistance. Check with your local building officials or the design professional of record.

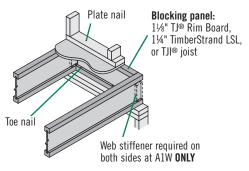
300(5)

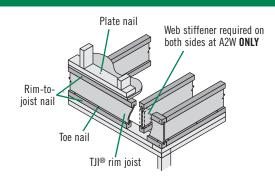
(3) Detail A3.3 must be a segmented wall, location of full-height structural sheathing per code.

220(5)

- (4) Sheathing must be continuous over all plate-to-plate and plate-to-rim board interfaces and may butt together at mid-depth of rim board as shown in A3.4. At foundation, fasten the bottom edge of the sheathing to the sill plate.
- (5) Maximum lateral load capacities are for seismic design applications. No further increases for duration of load are allowed, except loads may be increased by a factor of 1.4 for wind design applications.
- (6) Capacities must not be increased for duration of load.

# **FLOOR DETAILS**





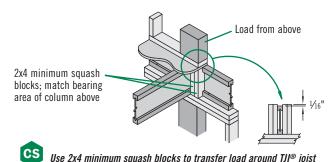




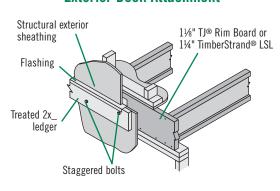
Attach blocking per A3.1 in rim board installation table above



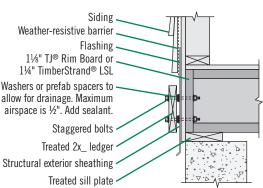
Must have 1¾" minimum joist bearing at ends. Attach rim joist per A3.1 in rim board installation table above.



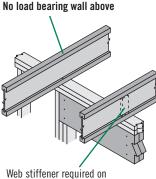
# Exterior Deck Attachment



# **Shimmed Deck Attachment**



Maintain 2" distance (minimum) from edge of ledger to edge of fastener. Stagger bolts.



5

Web stiffener required on both sides at B3W **ONLY**.

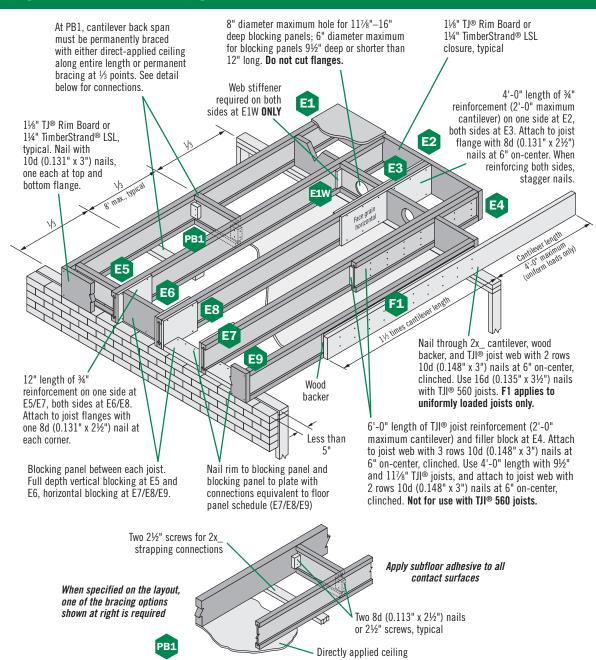


Blocking panels may be required with braced/shear walls above or below—see detail B1

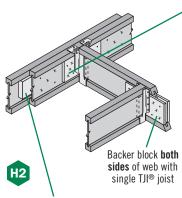


Blocking panels may be required with braced/ shear walls above or below—see detail B1

# **CANTILEVER DETAILS**



# **FILLER AND BACKER BLOCKS**



# DOUBLE TJI® JOIST FILLER BLOCK

- Single-Family Applications: Attach with ten 10d (0.128" x 3") nails, clinched. Use ten 16d (0.135" x 3½") nails from each side with TJI® 560 joists.
- Multi-Family Applications: Attach with fifteen 10d (0.128" x 3") nails, clinched. Use fifteen 16d (0.135" x 3½") nails from each side with TJI® 560 joists.

# HANGER BACKER BLOCK

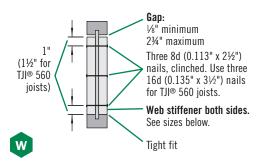
Install tight to top flange (tight to bottom flange with face mount hangers).

- Single-Family Applications: Attach with ten 10d (0.128" x 3") nails, clinched when possible.
- Multi-Family Applications: Attach with fifteen 10d (0.128" x 3") nails, clinched when possible.

# Filler and Backer Block Sizes

TJI®	110	)	2	10	230 c	r 360	560	
Depth	9½" or 11½"	14"	9½" or 11½"	14" or 16"	9½" or 11½"	14" or 16"	9½" or 11¾"	14" or 16"
Filler Block <sup>(1)</sup> (Detail H2)	2x6	2x8	2x6 + 3/8" sheathing	2x8 + 3/8" sheathing	2x6 + ½" sheathing	2x8 + ½" sheathing	Two 2x6	Two 2x8
Cantilever Filler (Detail E4)	2x6 4'-0" long	2x10 6'-0" long	2x6 + 3/8" sheathing 4'-0" long	2x10 + 3/8" sheathing 6'-0" long	2x6 + ½" sheathing 4'-0" long	2x10 + ½" sheathing 6'-0" long		ot cable
Backer Block <sup>(1)</sup> (Detail F1 or H2)	5⁄8" or ¾"		¾" or ½"		<sup>7</sup> ⁄8" or	1" net	2x6	2x8

(1) If necessary, increase filler and backer block height for face mount hangers and maintain 1/8" gap at top of joist. See detail W. Filler and backer block dimensions should accommodate required nailing without splitting. The suggested minimum length is 24" for filler and 12" for backer blocks.



### WEB STIFFENER SIZES

- TJI® 110 joists: 5/8" x 25/16" minimum(1)
- TJI® 210 joists: ¾" x 25/16" minimum(1)
- TJI® 230 and 360 joists: 1/8" x 25/16" minimum(1)
- TJI® 560 joists: 2x4, construction grade or better

(1) PS1 or PS2 sheathing, face grain vertical

### WEB STIFFENER REQUIREMENTS



Required at all birdsmouth cuts.

> Required at all sloped hangers.





Required if the sides of the hanger do not extend to laterally support at least %" of the TJI® joist top flange.

Only required at intermediate bearing locations when noted on framing plan.



# TYPICAL ROOF AND WALL FRAMING

# Roof details (see page 7)

- R1 on bevel plate
- on bevel plate with web stiffeners
- R3 with variable slope seat connector
- with seat connector and web stiffeners
- R5 with birdsmouth cut
- intermediate bearing
- intermediate bearing with web stiffeners

# **DETAIL SCHEDULE**

- R8 2x4 outrigger and filler with birdsmouth cut
- R9 2x4 outrigger without filler
- R10 2x4 outrigger with filler
- 2x4 outrigger with filler and web stiffeners
- R14 ridge detail
- ridge detail, with web stiffeners

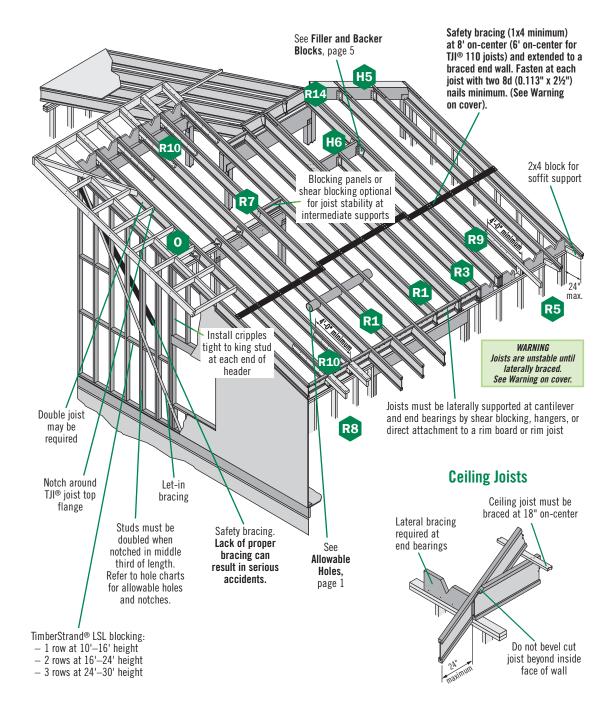
### Other details

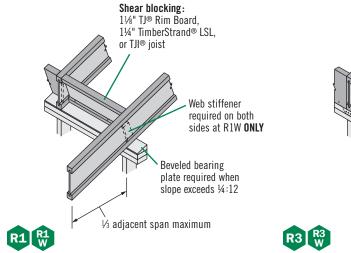
- 2x\_ overhang at end wall
- SB shear blocking (see page 8)
- w web stiffeners

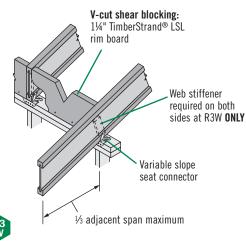
Hanger details (see page 8)

- H5 slope adjusted hanger
- H6 header on slope

Joists must be laterally supported at cantilever and end bearings by blocking panels, hangers, or direct attachment to a rim board or rim joist.

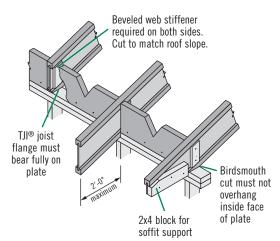


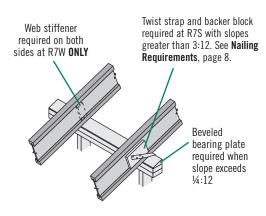




# **Intermediate Bearing**

Blocking panels or shear blocking may be specified for joist stability at intermediate supports

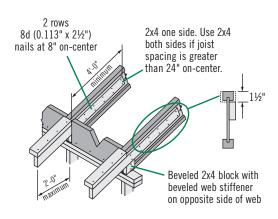


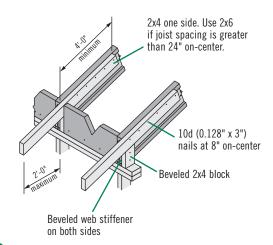






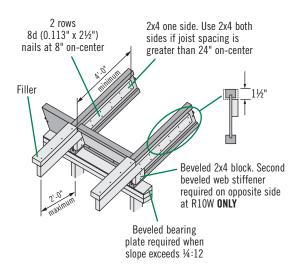


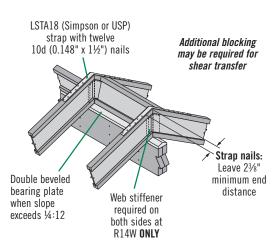




R8 Birdsmouth cut allowed at low end of joist only

R9 Birdsmouth cut allowed at low end of joist only









### APPROVED HANGERS

- The following manufacturers are approved to supply hangers for Trus Joist® products:
  - Simpson Strong-Tie Co., Inc.: 1-800-999-5099
     USP Structural Connectors: 1-800-328-5934
- Hanger design loads differ by support type and may exceed the capacity of the support and/or supported member. Contact your Weyerhaeuser representative or refer to Weyerhaeuser software.

### NAILING REQUIREMENTS

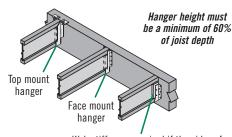
- Fill all round, dimple, and positive angle holes with the proper nails. Hanger nails are usually a heavier gauge because of the higher loads they need to carry.
- Unless specified otherwise, full capacity of straps or connectors can only be achieved if the following nail penetration is provided:

	FACE MOUNT	TOP MOUNT
10d (0.148" x 1½")	$1\frac{1}{2}$ " minimum	1½" minimum
10d (0.148" x 3")	1½" minimum, clinched	3" minimum
16d (0.162" x 3½")	1¾" minimum, clinched	3½" minimum

■ Top mount hangers should be fastened to TJI® joist headers with 10d (0.148" x 1½") nails. Fasten face mount hangers to 3½" or wider TJI® joist headers with 10d (0.148" x 3") or 16d (0.162" x 3½") nails.

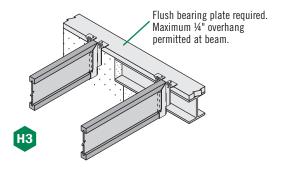
### CONNECTOR INSTALLATION AND SQUEAK PREVENTION TIPS

- Nails must be completely set.
- Leave ½6" clearance between the member and the support member or hanger.
- Joist to beam connections require hangers; do not toenail.
- Install the supported member tight to the bottom of the hanger.
   Reduce squeaks by adding subfloor adhesive to the hanger seat.
- On Simpson Strong-Tie® VPA connectors, bend the bottom flange tabs over and nail to TJI® joist bottom flange.

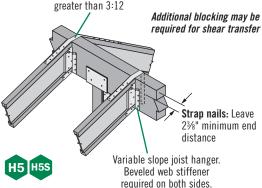


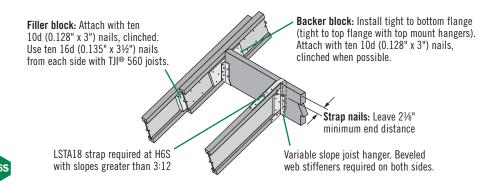
H1

Web stiffeners required if the sides of the hanger do not laterally support at least 3/8" of the TJI® joist top flange



LSTA24 (Simpson or USP) strap with twelve 10d (0.148" x  $1\frac{1}{2}$ ") nails required at H5S with slopes

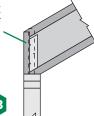


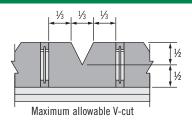


# SHEAR BLOCKING AND VENTILATION HOLES (Roof Only)

TJ® Rim Board or TimberStrand® LSL for shear blocking (between joists). Field trim to match joist depth at outer edge of wall or locate on wall to match joist depth.

For TJI® joists with slopes of 10:12 to 12:12, the vertical depth of shear blocking at bearing will require 1½" TJ® Rim Board or 1½" TimberStrand® LSL that is one size deeper than the TJI® joist. DO NOT use 1½" TJ® Rim Board in ventilation-hole applications.

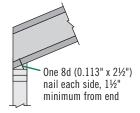




# TJI® JOIST NAILING REQUIREMENTS AT BEARING

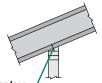
# TJI® Joist to Bearing Plate

# END BEARING (1¾" minimum bearing required)



When slope exceeds 14:12, a beveled bearing plate, variable slope seat connector, or birdsmouth cut (at low end of joist only) is required.

# INTERMEDIATE BEARING (3½" minimum bearing required)



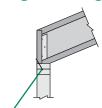
Slopes 3:12 or less: 'One 8d (0.113" x 2½") nail each side. See detail R7

# Slopes greater than 3:12:

Two 8d (0.113" x 2½") nails each side, plus a twist strap and backer block. See detail R7S.

When slope exceeds 14:12 for a 2x4 wall or 1/6:12, for a 2x6 wall, a beveled bearing plate or variable slope seat connector is required.

# **Blocking to Bearing Plate**



11/4" TJ® Rim Board or 11/4" TimberStrand® LSL:

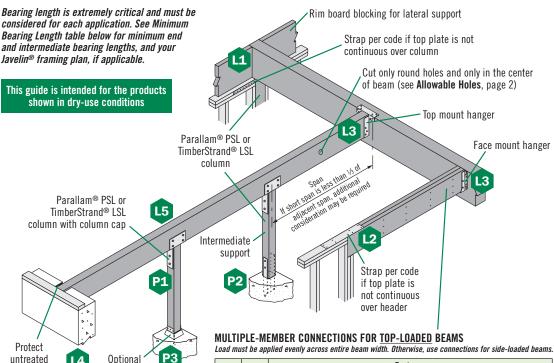
Toenail with 10d (0.131" x 3") nails at 6" on-center or 16d (0.135" x  $3\frac{1}{2}$ ") nails at 12" on-center

# TJI® joist blocking:

10d (0.128" x 3") nails at 6" on-center

# Shear transfer nailing:

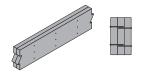
Minimum, use connections equivalent to sheathing nail schedule



When fasteners are required on both sides, stagger fasteners on the second side so they fall halfway between fasteners on the first side.

non-shrink

grout





wood from

direct contact

with concrete

Multiple pieces can be nailed or bolted together, up to a maximum width of 7"

# MULTIPLE-MEMBER CONNECTIONS FOR SIDE-LOADED BEAMS

 Additional nailing or bolting may be required with side-loaded multiple-member beams.
 Refer to current product literature.

Piece	# of	Fastener									
Width	Plies	Type <sup>(1)</sup>	Min. Length	# Rows	O.C. Spacing	Location					
		10d nails	3"	3 <sup>(2)</sup>	12"						
	2	12d-16d nails	31/4"	2(2)	12	One side					
		Screws	33/8" or 31/2"	2	24"						
		10d nails	3"	3 <sup>(2)</sup>	12"	Both sides					
	3	12d-16d nails	31/4"	2(2)	12	Dotti sides					
1¾"	3	-	Screws	33/8" or 31/2"	2	24"	Both sides				
		Sciews	5"	2	24	One side					
		10d nails <sup>(3)</sup>	3"	3(2)	12"	One side					
	4	12d-16d nails(3)	31/4"	2(2)	12	(per ply)					
	4	Carouro	5" or 6"	2	24"	Both sides					
		Screws	6¾"		24	One side					
		Screws	5" or 6"	2	24"	Both sides					
3½"	2	Sciews	6¾"		24	One side					
		½" bolts	8"	2	24"	-					

- (1) 10d nails are 0.128" diameter; 12d—16d nails are 0.148"—0.162" diameter; screws are SDS, SDW, USP WS, or TrussLOK-EWP™.
- (2) An additional row of nails is required with depths of 14" or greater.
- (3) When connecting 4-ply members, nail each ply to the other and offset nail rows by 2" from rows in the ply below.

# **DETAIL SCHEDULE**

### Beam and header details

bearing at wood wall

bearing for door or window header

beam to beam connection

bearing at concrete wall

bearing at wood or steel column

connection of multiple pieces

Column details

beam on column cap

P2 column base

P3 elevated column base

# **BEAM AND HEADER BEARINGS**

# Minimum Bearing Length for Beams and Headers

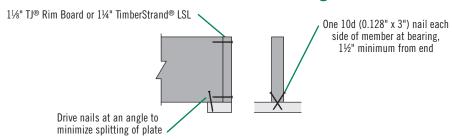
Beam Depth	Bearing	Span of Header or Beam								
		4'	6'	8'	10'	12'	16'	20'	24'	28'
5½"	End/Int.	21/4" / 41/2"	1½" / 3½"	1½" / 3½"	1½" / 3½"	1½" / 3½"				
7¼"	End/Int.	3½" / 6¼"	21/4" / 51/2"	1¾" / 4¼"	1½" / 3½"	1½" / 3½"	1½" / 3½"			
8 5/8"	End/Int.	3½" / 8½"	21/4" / 53/4"	1¾" / 4¼"	1½" / 3½"	1½" / 3½"	1½" / 3½"	1½" / 3½"	1½" / 3½"	
91/4", 91/2"	End/Int.		41/4" / 8"	3¼" / 7½"	2½" / 6¼"	2" / 51/4"	1½" / 4"	1½" / 3½"	1½" / 3½"	1½" / 3½"
11¼", 11½"	End/Int.				4" / 91/4"	3¼" / 8"	21/4" / 6"	1¾" / 4¾"	1½" / 4"	1½" / 3½"
14"	End/Int.					4½" / 10¾"	31/4" / 81/4"	2½" / 6½"	2" / 5½"	1¾" / 4¾"
16"	End/Int.						4¼" / 10½"	31/4" / 81/2"	2¾" / 7"	2¼" / 6"
18"	End/Int.							4¼" / 10½"	31/4" / 83/4"	2¾" / 7½"
20"	End/Int.								4¼" / 10¾"	3½" / 9¼"

- Minimum bearing length: 1½" at ends, 3½" at intermediate supports.
- Bearing across full beam width is required.
- Bearing lengths shown are based on bearing stress for TimberStrand® LSL, Microllam® LVL, or Parallam® PSL. If the support member's allowable bearing stress is lower (e.g., when bearing on a flat wood plate), bearing lengths may need to be increased.
- Table assumes maximum allowable uniform load. For other conditions, contact your Weyerhaeuser representative.
- Beams and headers require lateral support at bearing points and along the top (or compression edge) at 24" on-center or closer.
- 1%"-thick members that are 16" or deeper must be used in multiple-ply units only.



DO NOT overhang seat cuts on beams beyond inside face of support member

# **Beam Attachment at Bearing**



# **OUR GUARANTEE**



16

20

24

For conditions not shown in this guide, or other assistance, contact your Weyeraheuser representative or call

1-888-453-8358

# CODE EVALUATIONS, See

TJI® Joists

- ICC ES ESR-1153 CCMC 13132-R pending TimberStrand® LSL
  - ICC ES ESR-1387 CCMC 12627-R

Parallam® PSL

- ICC ES ESR-1387 CCMC 11161-R Microllam® LVL
- ICC ES ESR-1387 CCMC 08675-R

  TJ® Rim Board
- ICC ES ESR-1387 CCMC 13261-R

WARNING: Drilling, sawing, sanding or machining wood products generates wood dust. The paint and/or coatings on this product may contain titanium dioxide. Wood dust and titanium dioxide are substances known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information on Proposition 65, visit wy.com/inform.

# **PRODUCT STORAGE**



Store and handle joists in vertical orientation.





### Have a damaged joist or beam?

File a damage report online for prompt service from your regional technical office. Scan the QR code with your smartphone or go to woodbywy.com/support.

Protect products from sun and water.



CAUTION: Wrap is slippery when wet or icy.

Align stickers (2x3 or larger) directly over support blocks.

Use support blocks (6x6 or larger) at 10' on-centre to keep products out of mud and water.



woodbywy.com



www.sfiprogram.org

### May 2015 • Reorder TJ-9001

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